

### Symbolic dynamics: Homework 1 (27.1.2025)

1. Let  $X = \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$ , and let  $\mathcal{T} = \{\emptyset\} \cup \{U_0, U_1, U_2, \dots\}$  where for every  $i$

$$U_i = \{i, i+1, i+2, \dots\}.$$

- (a) Show that  $\mathcal{T}$  is a topology of  $X$ .
  - (b) Is  $\mathcal{T}$  compact? Is  $\mathcal{T}$  metric?
  - (c) Which subsets of  $X$  are compact?
  - (d) Determine which sequences of elements of  $X$  converge to 0, and determine also which sequences converge to 1.
2. Let  $X$  be a set with a topology  $\mathcal{T}$ . Prove the following three properties of closed sets (i.e., complements of open sets). Note that these properties are the duals of the three axioms of open sets.
- (a) The empty set  $\emptyset$  is closed, and  $X$  is closed,
  - (b) the intersection of any number of closed sets is closed, and
  - (c) the union of a finite number of closed sets is closed.
3. Prove the following properties of the topological closure  $\overline{A}$  of  $A \subseteq X$ .
- (a) If  $A \subseteq B$  then  $\overline{A} \subseteq \overline{B}$ ,
  - (b)  $\overline{A \cup B} = \overline{A} \cup \overline{B}$ ,
  - (c)  $\overline{\overline{A}} = \overline{A}$ .
4. Let  $\mathcal{T}$  be a topology on  $X$ , and let  $A \subseteq X$  be a non-empty subset. The induced topology on  $A$  is defined as  $\{A \cap U \mid U \in \mathcal{T}\}$ .
- (a) Prove that the induced topology is a topology on  $A$ .
  - (b) Prove that the closed sets of the induced topology are exactly the sets  $A \cap F$  where  $F \subseteq X$  is closed under  $\mathcal{T}$ .
  - (c) The closure of  $S \subseteq A$  under the induced topology is  $\overline{S} \cap A$  where  $\overline{S}$  is the closure of  $S$  under  $\mathcal{T}$ .
  - (d)  $B \subseteq A$  is compact under induced topology if and only if  $B \subseteq A$  is compact under  $\mathcal{T}$ .
5. (a) Prove that in a metric space  $X$ , every compact  $A \subseteq X$  is closed and bounded. (Bounded means that  $A$  is contained in some  $\varepsilon$ -ball.)
- (b) Prove that the converse is not true: there is a metric space where a closed and bounded set is not necessarily compact.
6. Prove that an open subset of a Baire space is also a Baire space (under the induced topology).
7. Let  $X$  be a compact space, and suppose the topology has a base all of whose members are clopen (closed and open). Prove that a set is clopen if and only if it is a finite union of base sets.